

# MAXIMUM CLASSICS Knowledge Organiser



**senex**  
old man



**iuvenis**  
young man



**fabula** story, tale



**navis**  
boat, ship



**unda**  
wave



**clarus/clara**  
famous

## Key vocabulary



**via** street



**celare**  
to hide



**sedere**  
to sit



**narrare**  
to tell



**servare**  
to save



**portare**  
to carry



**monstrare**  
to show



**spectare** to watch

## Key language ideas and grammar

- 1** Latin uses the simple past tense to show actions that took place in the past and are completed.
- 2** You can often spot the simple past in Latin if you see a 'v' before the verb ending (but not always!).
- 3** The Latin past continuous tense can sometimes be translated into English as 'used to'.

### Latin simple past verb endings

<b>i</b>	<b>isti</b>	<b>it</b>	<b>imus</b>	<b>istis</b>	<b>erunt</b>
I ...ed	you ...ed	he she it ...ed	we ...ed	y'all ...ed	they ...ed
singular			plural		

## Important terms

### **tense**

When in time a verb happens.

### **past continuous**

A verb tense where action takes place in the past over a continuous period of time

### **simple past**

A verb tense where action took place in the past and is completed or over.